Τ	Senate Bill No. 90
2	(By Senators Laird, Cookman and Fitzsimmons)
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4	[Introduced January 8, 2014; referred to the Committee on the
5	Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact §61-5-17 of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended, relating to creating a criminal offense for
12	interfering with or preventing a person from calling for the
13	assistance of emergency service personnel; defining terms; and
14	establishing criminal penalties.
15	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
16	That $\S61-5-17$ of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
17	be amended and reenacted to read as follows:
18	ARTICLE 5. CRIMES AGAINST PUBLIC JUSTICE.
19	§61-5-17. Obstructing officer; fleeing from officer; making false
20	statements to officer; interfering with emergency
21	communications; penalties; definitions.
22	(a) Any A person who by threats menaces acts or otherwise

- 1 forcibly or illegally hinders or obstructs or attempts to hinder or
- 2 obstruct any a law-enforcement officer, probation officer or parole
- 3 officer acting in his or her official capacity is guilty of a
- 4 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less
- 5 than \$50 nor more than \$500 or confined in jail not more than one
- 6 year, or both fined and confined.
- 7 (b) $\frac{A}{A}$ person who intentionally disarms or attempts to
- 8 disarm $\frac{any}{a}$ law-enforcement officer, correctional officer,
- 9 probation officer or parole officer, acting in his or her official
- 10 capacity, is quilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall
- 11 be imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less than one
- 12 nor more than five years.
- (c) Any A person who, with intent to impede or obstruct a
- 14 law-enforcement officer in the conduct of an investigation of a
- 15 felony offense, knowingly and willfully makes a materially false
- 16 statement, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof,
- 17 shall be fined not less than \$25 and not nor more than \$200, or
- 18 confined in jail for five days, or both fined and confined.
- 19 However, The provisions of this section do This section does not
- 20 apply to statements made by a spouse, parent, stepparent,
- 21 grandparent, sibling, half sibling, child, stepchild or grandchild,
- 22 whether related by blood or marriage, of the person under
- 23 investigation. Statements made by the person under investigation

- 1 may not be used as the basis for prosecution under this subsection.
- 2 For the purposes of this subsection, "law-enforcement officer" does
- 3 not include a watchman, a member of the West Virginia State Police
- 4 or college security personnel who is not a certified
- 5 law-enforcement officer.
- 6 (d) Any A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee
- 7 by any means other than the use of a vehicle from any a
- 8 law-enforcement officer, probation officer or parole officer acting
- 9 in his or her official capacity who is attempting to make a lawful
- 10 arrest of the person, and who knows or reasonably believes that the
- 11 officer is attempting to arrest him or her, is guilty of a
- 12 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less
- 13 than \$50 nor more than \$500 or confined in jail not more than one
- 14 year, or both <u>fined and confined</u>.
- 15 (e) Any A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee
- 16 in a vehicle from any a law-enforcement officer, probation officer
- 17 or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the
- 18 officer has given a clear visual or audible signal directing the
- 19 person to stop is quilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction
- 20 thereof, shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000 and
- 21 shall be confined in a regional jail not more than one year.
- 22 (f) Any A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee
- 23 in a vehicle from $\frac{any}{a}$ law-enforcement officer, probation officer

1 or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the 2 officer has given a clear visual or audible signal directing the 3 person to stop, and who operates the vehicle in a manner showing a 4 reckless indifference to the safety of others, is guilty of a 5 felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than 6 \$1,000 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned in a state 7 correctional facility not less than one nor more than five years.

- g) Any A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from any a law-enforcement officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who causes damage to the real or personal property of any a person during or resulting from his or her flight, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$3,000 and shall be confined in the county or regional jail for not less than six months nor more than one year.
- (h) Any A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from any a law-enforcement officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who causes bodily injury to any a person during or resulting from his or her flight, is guilty of a felony and,

1 upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state 2 correctional facility not less than three nor more than ten years.

- (i) Any A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee

 4 in a vehicle from any a law-enforcement officer, probation officer

 5 or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the

 6 officer has given a clear visual or audible signal directing the

 7 person to stop, and who causes death to any a person during or

 8 resulting from his or her flight, is guilty of a felony and, upon

 9 conviction thereof, shall be punished by a definite term of

 10 imprisonment imprisoned in a state correctional facility which is

 11 for not less than five nor more than fifteen years. A person

 12 imprisoned pursuant to the provisions of this subsection is not

 13 eligible for parole prior to having served a minimum of three years

 14 of his or her sentence or the minimum period required by the

 15 provisions of section thirteen, article twelve, chapter sixty-two

 16 of this code, whichever is greater.
- (j) Any A person who intentionally flees or attempts to flee in a vehicle from any a law-enforcement officer, probation officer or parole officer acting in his or her official capacity after the officer has given a clear visual or audible signal directing the person to stop, and who is under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances or drugs, at the time, is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state

1 correctional facility not less than three nor more than ten years.

- 2 (k) For purposes of this section, the term "vehicle" includes
- 3 any motor vehicle, motorcycle, motorboat, all-terrain vehicle or
- 4 snowmobile as those terms are defined in section one, article one,
- 5 chapter seventeen-a of this code, whether or not it is being
- 6 operated on a public highway at the time and whether or not it is
- 7 licensed by the state.
- 8 (1) For purposes of this section, the terms "flee", "fleeing"
- 9 and "flight" do not include $\frac{1}{2}$ person's reasonable attempt to
- 10 travel to a safe place, allowing the pursuing law-enforcement
- 11 officer to maintain appropriate surveillance, for the purpose of
- 12 complying with the officer's direction to stop.
- 13 (m) The revisions to subsections (e), (f), (g) and (h) of this
- 14 section enacted during the regular session of the 2010 regular
- 15 legislative session shall be known as the Jerry Alan Jones Act.
- (n)(1) No person, with the intent to purposefully deprive a
- 17 person of emergency services, may interfere with or prevent a
- 18 person from using or accessing a 911 emergency telephone system or
- 19 making a report to a law-enforcement officer, to an agency, to a
- 20 fire department or from requesting emergency medical assistance.
- 21 (2) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "interfere
- 22 with or prevent" includes, but is not limited to, seizing,
- 23 concealing, obstructing access to or disabling or disconnecting a

- 1 <u>telephone</u>, telephone line or equipment or other communication
- 2 device.
- 3 (3) For the purpose of this subsection, the term "emergency
- 4 communication" means any means of communication that allows the
- 5 transmission of warnings or other information pertaining to a
- 6 crime, fire, accident, power outage, disaster or risk of injury or
- 7 damage to a person or property including, but not limited to,
- 8 telephone lines, cellular telephone towers and equipment, radio
- 9 channels, railroad communication devices, electrical towers and
- 10 equipment and utility lines.
- 11 (4) A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a
- 12 misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be confined in jail
- 13 for a period of not less than one day nor more than one year and
- 14 shall be fined not less than \$250 nor more than \$2,000, or both
- 15 fined and confined.
- 16 (5) A person who is convicted of a second offense under this
- 17 <u>subsection</u> is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof,
- 18 shall be confined in jail for not less than three months nor more
- 19 than one year and fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$3,000, or
- 20 both fined and confined.
- 21 (6) A person who is convicted of a third or subsequent offense
- 22 under this subsection within ten years of a prior conviction of
- 23 this offense is quilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction

- 1 thereof, shall be confined in jail not less than six months nor
- 2 more than one year and fined not less than \$500 nor more than
- 3 \$4,000, or both fined and confined.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to create a criminal offense for intentionally interfering with or preventing a person from calling for the assistance of emergency service personnel. The bill defines terms. The bill establishes criminal penalties.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.